PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

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(BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET.)

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LOCAL NOTICES.

Death and Shed.

Secretary Welles, Commanding the Atlantic and Gulf squadron, has issued an order, forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors to officers and men of the navy.

Allegheny and Alleghany

On Thursday, June 25.

Go To

Persons in search of Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Feathers, Bedding, &c., should call at the Warehouse of Messrs. Hamilton & Co., No. 1000 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Cleaning Out.

We have now on hand some very fine Embroideries, Hamburg Edging and Insertings, which we will close out at 10 cents per yard. Also, some Linen Goods, at Fifth street.

The Very Finest

Printing Inks for Printers, Publishers and Lithographers, manufactured by Messrs. Sands, Ayer & Co., Philadelphia, are kept constantly on hand, and will be sold at prices to suit the times, by Messrs. Rollins & Co., No. 58 Liberty street.

Horatio Gephart.

Practical watchmaker and Jeweler, No. 84 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware bought, sold and exchanged. Particular attention given to repairing fine watches. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Office, No. 84 Fifth street.

The Celebrated Estimate

Cheap Store for cash, where all persons can get what they want in the Dry Goods line. For cash or Country Produce. Call and examine. Store No. 84 Federal street, Allegheny. W. H. LOCKHART & BRO.

Don't Fail

To see Tassey's New Ball Goods.

Joseph Home & Co.,

Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Staple Goods, Shirting, Sheeting, Trimming and Millinery, Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Game of the Season

At Union Park on Tuesday.

The New Jackson

Book Store for wearing apparel of every description, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, at the lowest cash prices. Store No. 84 Federal street, Allegheny.

Celebrated Base Ball Club

At Union Park on Tuesday.

A Sew and Beautiful

Lock Stitch Machine, in connection in price, for sale by Messrs. Rollins & Co., 58 Liberty street. Call and examine.

A Tenor's Combination House,

No. 75 Market street, Pittsburgh. Wanted, a gent of Boston, No. 6 Cook lodge.

The Daily Commercial

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

At Cambridge, Dorchester county, Maryland, on Monday last, a man named Stubbert had a quarrelsome with a colored man, John Scott, at the latter's saloon obstacle. A scuffle ensued, when Scott seized Bell's axe and literally chopped Bell to pieces. He gave himself up, was imprisoned, and, while the Coroner was holding an inquest, on Tuesday morning, he committed suicide by hanging himself with strips of bed clothes.

Joseph Brown, murderer of Angie Stewart, alias Brown, was executed on Saturday, at Hudson, N. Y. He left a written statement asserting the events of his life, but making no confession of the crime, and made a speech on the scaffold, declaring himself entirely guilty, or any knowledge of the fire which caused the death of the child.

A frightful case of rape and intended murder is reported from Withamsville, Canada. A girl named Maria Parsons, aged thirteen, while passing through the bushes, was assaulted by a man named Hamilton, who brutally violated and then beat her till he supposed her dead. Providence was arrested.

Gen. Marquez has issued a pamphlet manifesto addressed to the Mexican people, defining his position. He states that he has convoked to retire forever from public life, and dismiss and disband his army, and that he has already commenced to do so. He says the statements that he was the author of the Lerdian measures are false, and claims to have acted always under superior orders. He concludes by expressing his wish to die in defence of Mexico against foreign invasion.

A Havana dispatch says: The steamship Rapidan, which arrived yesterday from New York, brought two clerks, storekeepers, who left here on the Henrietta, and were delivered by the Captain of the Henrietta to the Captain of the Rapidan on the high seas.

The Republican ratification meeting in Philadelphia on Saturday evening was largely attended.

The Boston city government has sent an invitation to Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy to visit that city and accept its hospitalities.

The citizens arrested at Hamburg, S. C., and carried to Aiken, Ga., were released on promise of giving bail for their appearance when the trial takes place.

Accounts from Southwestern Georgia represent that the negroes are working well. One-third less cotton has been planted than last year. The plants are looking vigorous and healthy. There is a good stand and vigor. The planters anticipate a large yield.

The San Francisco Bulletin and Alta pronounce the Garesian quicksilver and claim now before Congress a fraud, and show by records that it has been so declared by United States Courts in California. The claim has, moreover been rejected from the list of claims to come on the New Idria quicksilver mines. The plea for the bill on the ground of preventing a quicksilver monopoly by the New Almaden Company is a fraud, as there are only two or three other mines are now producing quicksilver in California, and it is estimated ten different furnaces will be in operation before the close of the present year.

Republican ratification meetings are being held throughout California.

An official report from Capt. Hanson announces the result of a conflict with a party of thirty or forty Indians, in the vicinity of Paradise Valley, Northwestern California, May 7th. Hanson's force consisted of fifty men belonging to the Ninth Infantry and Eighth Cavalry. The Indians, who occupied a strong position in the mountains, were driven from it after four hours' fighting, with a loss of several killed. The troops had one killed and two wounded. The Indians are reported to be completely cowed.

The grain of the Western Pacific Railroad, between Sacramento and San Francisco, is advancing rapidly.

A fire at Jackson, Cal., Wednesday night destroyed property to the value of $10,000.

The steamer Lackawanna has arrived at San Francisco from the Sandwich Islands. She is reported to have left Honolulu because of an intimation that the King regarded the province as a nuisance. Considerable consternation prevails in certain circles in Honolulu, owing to the American troops. Smoke from the Hawaiian volcano still fills the air for several hundred miles at sea.

The State Central Committee of the Republican party of Tennessee announces in the Nashville Press and Times their postponement of the State Convention from the 10th of June to the second Wednesday in August. The convention is called to nominate an electoral ticket.

P. S. Snelling, one of the four American citizens in California, who has resided there twenty-five years, died Friday on his farm in Santa Cruzy. In 1867 he came within a few votes of being elected Governor on the Whig ticket.

The steamship America, from Bremen, via Southampton, has arrived at New York.

General Lawrence, Minister to Costa Rica, has been recalled on account of his recent duel with Baron Von Gerolzeck, Prussian Secretary of Legation at Washington.

A telegram from St. Louis says: A delegation of gentlemen representing the Merchants' Exchange of Mobile, have arrived here to present to the merchants of this city the possibility and importance of opening the Warrior River, and giving direct water communication between the Mississippi river and Mobile. A meeting of merchants on Change tomorrow will consider the matter.

Governor Fletcher, and a number of prominent persons in St. Louis, have telegraphed to Governor Baker, of Indiana, requesting him to release McCoole from confinement.

Early yesterday morning a fire was discovered on the ground floor of No. 10 Murray street, New York, occupied by E. & E. Hilles, Baker in the upper stories of the building were occupied by Mrs. Hoe and Company by this firm. By the exertions of the firemen the fire was confined mainly to the floor on which it originated, although at one time it seemed probable the whole building would be destroyed. The loss will reach from $75,000 to $100,000.

Henry Fellen yesterday administered the oath of confirmation to two hundred candidates in Memphis.

It is now probable the trial of Jefferson Davis will be postponed until October, as counsel on both sides have agreed to that time. Whether Judge Underwood will consent to the postponement has been seriously doubted for next Wednesday. Davis had been expected in Richmond, in view of the probability of postponement.

A large meeting was held in Bangor, Maine, Saturday evening, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Grant and Colfax, which was enthusiastic. Hon. John A. Peters, Hon. Reuben E. Fossenden and others, Rev. Mr. Hamlin, after speaking in very strong terms for Grant, testified to the integrity and ability of Mr. Colfax, declaring he is a true man, one whose party or private life is a guarantee that he will do no public wrong.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. V. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1868. NO. 223.

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:

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The money must always accompany the order and in no instance can these terms be deviated from. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$10 to $20 a day guaranteed. Good Agents wanted to introduce our new Star Shuttle Sewing Machine—Stitch alike on both sides. The only first-class, low-priced machine in the market. We will consign Machines to responsible parties and employ energetic Agents on a salary. Full particulars and sample work furnished on application. Address W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio; Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell Pendleton, Grant, Grant in Peace, Lincoln Family, Washington Family and other Steel Engravings. All pictures fitted in Oval Frames, and delivered at any Express office, free of freight or boxing. For circular, with prices, enclose stamp to CHARLES EMERSON & CO., Box 4,017, Cincinnati. eod

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell John S. C. Abbott's Life of Gen. Grant. This work contains a fine Steel Engraving of the Father and Mother of the General, and is otherwise handsomely illustrated. The best selling work in the market; prices suited to the times. B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, 55 Cornhill, Boston. eod

WANTED—AGENTS—GRANT, THE LIFE OF—A new and standard work by Hon. J. T. Headley, the popular Historian. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address A. L. TALCOTT & CO., 66 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED--HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSE—To Rent a small House. Address, stating terms, location, &c., Box B. B., Commercial office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A Few Gentleman can have summer boarding by addressing Box 31 Sewickley, Pa.

BOARDING—Wanted, Boarding in a private family or boarding house, during the summer, on the line of a Railroad (P., Ft. W. & C. preferred), by a gentleman, wife and child; not more than fifteen miles out. Plain accommodation only required. Address O. P., Commercial office.

BOARDING—A Gentleman and his Wife can be accommodated with a pleasant Parlor and Board, by applying at 150 Third street.

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—At Cresson, fully furnished. Price $3,400. Apply to CARR, McCANDLESS & CO., Pittsburgh, G. W. MULLIN, Cresson, or JOHN A. WILSON, 356 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—BAROUCHE—A Light, one horse, two seated Barouche; can be seen at the Government stables, Allegheny Arsenal, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—BUNG FACTORY—The Bung Factory in the Great Western Planing Mill, foot of Marbury street, embracing Six Automatic Bung Machines with counter shafting, belting, &c.; one Planing Machine with counter shafting, belting, &c.; one Lathe and Tools with counter shafting, belting, &c.; one Saw Bench, (three circular saws), with counter shafting, belting, &c.; one Portable Forge, Anvil and Tools; Grindstone, Vises, Pulleys, Shafting, Belting, Screws and other articles for sale as a whole, low, or in parts to suit. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—HORSE—A bright bay horse six years old, very stylish; racks or canters under saddle; has trotted inside of 3 minutes on track; not afraid of cars. Warranted perfectly sound and gentle. Can be seen at Patterson's Livery Stables, Fourth street.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY—The property belonging to the Montana Oil Refining Company, situated along Butchers Run, near the Toll Gate. Also, Stills, Iron Tanks, &c. Inquire of H. KLEE & BROS., 96 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or W. A. REED, Allegheny Trust Company, Allegheny. tf

FOR SALE—SEWING MACHINE—One of Grover & Baker's celebrated Family Sewing Machines, can be bought at a bargain. Address Box 4, Commercial office.

FOR SALE—STEAM GUAGE—A good second-hand Steam Gauge can be had at a bargain by addressing Machine, Commercial office.

FOR SALE—TWO SCHOLARSHIPS—On Commercial College of this city. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, WITH POWER—Inquire of C. C. LAMM & CO., Spoke Factory, near Union Skating Park, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A very convenient two-story brick house, on Webster street, Allegheny city, above the Commons, containing Nine Rooms, including Bath House, with a finished Attic. It is in good order, has a gas fixture in every room and hard and soft water on the first and second floors. Cellar good and dry. Apply to Dr. COWLEY, 298 Penn street, Pittsburgh, or to Mr. PHILIP MOWRY, 47 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR RENT—LOT OF GROUND—For one or more years, with or without Building and Steam Power, a Lot of Two Acres or less, situated, fronting on Railroad and River. Very desirable either for manufacturing or storage of oil or other material. Apply to W. S. BOYD & CO., No. 75 Fourth street. MWS

FOR RENT—HOUSES—Two small Houses of Six Rooms, four and five Rooms. Rent low. Inquire at 121 Center Avenue.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—WAREHOUSE—No. 153 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. Apply to H. W. OLIVER, corner Water and Market streets. tf

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REDUCTION IN PRICES.

DAYTON SNOW FLAKE AND WHITE RIVER,

IN COTTON AND PAPER BAGS.

Dealers can save from 50 cents to $1 00 per Barrel on these Flours, and they can be relied upon as being Genuine and Full Weight.

QUALITY IN ALL CASES GUARANTEED.

N. B.—See that my name is in full on each Bag, as parties are imitating my Brands to effect sales.

DAYTON SNOW FLAKE,
WHITE RIVER, FAVORITE,
JENKINS' LILLY MILLS,
CROSSET'S XXXX AND FORD'S.

At Low Rates to Dealers.

T. C. JENKINS,

Wholesale Flour Dealer.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

General Schofield's Confirmation.

The Proceedings in Executive Session.

Gen. Schofield to Enter Upon His Duties To-Day.

The Butler-Wooley Wrangle.

Report of Indian Peace Commission.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30, 1868.

Confirmation of General Schofield.

The entire proceedings in the Senate yesterday on the War Department matter have come to light. It appears that the first proposition voted on was that of Mr. Stewart, as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of John M. Schofield as Secretary of War in place of Edwin M. Stanton, who has been forced to retire from the discharge of the duties of said office by reason of illegal and unconstitutional acts of the Chief Executive. This was lost by yeas 10, nays 35, the yeas being Cameron, Cattell, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Cragin, Morrill, Vt., Patterson, N. H., Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Williams, Wilson and Yates, and nays being Anthony, Buckalew, Corbett, Doolittle, Edmunds, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Hendricks, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Morgan, Morton, Norton, Patterson, of Tennessee, Sprague, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers and Willey.

It was urged by Stewart and others in support of his proposition, that it was the natural consequence of the vote on impeachment, and that it should be supported by all who voted for conviction. It will be seen that it was voted against and killed by Anthony, Corbett, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Morgan, Morton, Sprague and Willey, all of whom voted for impeachment. The action of these gentlemen causes a good deal of comment among the cordial radical impeachment members of the House. Of the eight thus voting, Messrs. Anthony, Morton, Sprague and Willey voted on the night of the twenty-first of February, that the President had no power to remove the Secretary of War, while Corbett, Frelinghuysen and Morgan were then absent.

The Stewart resolution having been defeated, Mr. Edmunds then brought forward his generalic and resolution, the latter being in the usual form, and simply confirming the nomination, which was agreed to by yeas 35, nays 5. All Republicans who voted were in the affirmative. The two negatives colors were McCreery and Norton, both Democrats, while Buckalew, Doolittle, Hendricks, Johnson, Patterson of Tennessee, and Vickers, also Democrats, voted in the affirmative. The Edmunds preamble, which merely declares that Stanton has unjustifiedly refused to quit, and that Schofield legally removed, was then adopted by yeas 28, nays 12, the Senators present calling alike as on impeachment. A certified copy of the preamble and resolution was sent to the President this afternoon.

The War Office.

The rooms of the Secretary of War are still kept closed by General Townsend, and did all interested media have an opportunity to attend the ceremonies at Arlington Cemetery, very little business was done at the Department to-day. Schofield arrived from the latter evening, accompanied by Gen. J. A. Campbell, of his staff. He will enter upon his duties on Monday.

The Butler-Wooley Wrangle.

The House had another wrangle to-day on the Butler-Wooley affair. It grew out of a telegram sent to Wooley from some bombastic persons in New York, a copy of which Wooley forwarded to Butler, who considered that the telegram had been intended for the person of one of the Committeemen, and straightforward demanded that an order should be passed prohibiting Wooley from receiving any letter or telegram until it had been inspected by the Speaker. He actually hoped to get this through, but Speaker Colfax said he would not open a single letter or telegram, even if ordered to do so by the House. Mr. Barr spoke at once in behalf of Colfax on the Republican side of the House, and denounced the proposition in strong terms, and was subsequently followed by Mr. Poland in the same strain. Mr. Butler then undertook to say, and in the course of an hour and a half he was obliged to confront himself with a reiteration substantially of the order he got yesterday, that Wooley should be under charge of the Sergeant-at-Arms, and see nobody but counsel and members of his family.

Report of Indian Commissioners.

General Sherman has sent a preliminary report of the business of the Indian Peace Commissioners this spring, in which he uses the following language about the general situation: "I was of the opinion and still am of the opinion that the Peace Commissioners should do little or nothing more till our report to Congress of last December, with the bill reported by Mr. Henderson, have been fully and freely discussed in Congress and action taken in favor of the law. The Indians feeling our general promises not sustained by facts, are naturally tending to the conclusion that the threats and promises held out are of the same nature as others of this kind in former time. Still, as a rule, those whom we met had good sense to act on their promises of peace, whereas others whom we did not meet and have not seen are as mistrustful and seemingly hostile as ever. Several murders and outbreaks have occurred along the line of the railroad, and the people generally difficult our efforts at peace, and think we are deliberately deluded and deceived by those who have signed treaties. I do not apprehend any general war this year—only predatory bands of thieving or murdering Indians which people in this vast and scarcely inhabited region must expect and guard against. In time we must take those wild Indians in hand. I will do all that is possible to grow general protection, especially to the rapid completion and progress of the Pacific Railroad but it were idle to undertake to confine every horse thief or to protect what are termed the ranches scattered at wide distances along the road occasionally traversed by trains of wagons. The Pacific Railroad does not make settlement in the strict sense of the term. Every twenty miles there is a station where a few men are kept at repair parties, but there are no dispersed families. They are a cautious mixed of a strength. They are all clamorous for protection, and rightly, have been forced to place soldiers at nearly every station outside of Omaha. The great advantages of the railroad is that it gives us rapid communication and cannot be stolen like horses and mules of traffic are off-of. But the people along it are much exposed to depredating bands of hostile Indians. They always charge their losses to the friendly Indians, who have been collected near, and it is for the reason that I deem it so essential to remove them at once, even at our military expense, without awaiting the action but slow action of Congress."

Late Postponed.

Senator Henderson has ordered his trip West for the present, until the question of adjournment is settled. The Sherman funding bill from the Finance Committee, will come up on Tuesday, and that also limits Henderson.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30, 1868.

The Watchman-Donnelly Affair.

The Washington Donnelly investigating Committee has determined to ask to be discharged from further consideration of the subject. They found in regard to what took place in the House that Mr. Donnelly withdrew the offensive portions of his speech, and disclaimed any imputation upon the honesty, integrity or private character of Mr. Washburne; whereupon the latter gentleman withdrew what he said about Donnelly. This disposed of the matter so far as to what occurred in debate was concerned, but left remaining the letter written by Mr. Washburne, which the committee must construed. They found it to be clear of bribery or corruption against Mr. Donnelly as a member of Congress, but only charges touching his action and character years before he came to Congress, and thereupon determined that such matters were not a proper subject of investigation by the House. Mr. Donnelly acted fair throughout, and Mr. Washburne held himself ready in favor of the law. The Indiana

The Daily Commercial

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1868.

The Commercial is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

In proof of the ultimate placing on the market reports of the Commercial, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Herald, the Sporting Life, Iron Age, and other papers of the Eastern cities, and that cities, and that leading merchants in that and other cities, and that leading English and American and carriers regularly append them with credit. There is within the hundred miles, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the Commercial, principally, because its reports are the only full and reliable giants of the Pittsburgh markets.

National Union Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF STATE,

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF STATE,

JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS AT LARGE.

G. Warren Greene, of Philadelphia.
Thos. M. Marshall, of Pittsburgh.

District.	District.
1. W. H. Barnes,	13. Samuel Shoe,
2. W. C. Patrick,	14. S. P. Wagenseller,
3. Richard Wildey,	15. Chas. B. Miller,
4. G. W. Hill,	16. George W. Edie,
5. Samuel S. Mehl,	17. John Scott,
6. J. D. Stringham,	18. A. G. Olmstead,
7. Franc C. Brunot,	19. James Orr,
8. Jacob Bailey,	20. S. H. Johnson,
9. Morris Hooper,	21. J. K. Ewing,
10. David M. Reed,	22. A. W. Foster,
11. Wm. Davis,	23. A. W. Crawford,
12. W. W. Ketchum,	24. S. S. Blair.

Mr. Wade says more votes would have been forthcoming had they been wanted to acquit the President. Mr. Wade has testified under oath to enough as to the use of money to ratify this declaration to belief. Perhaps he will consent to give the names of the Senators who would have voted for acquittal had they been wanted.

Gen. Schofield having been confirmed by the Senate, will enter on his duties as Secretary of War to-day. It is understood that he was urged to accept the position by by Gen. Grant because of his fitness for it and his complete accord with the reconstruction policy of Congress. His administration of the affairs in Virginia has brought him conspicuously before the country as a man of ability and devotion to duty.

The Republican delegate elections on Saturday were generally well attended. The contest for the Congressional nomination resulted in favor of Gen. James S. Negley, who will doubtless be nominated on the first ballot to-morrow. The contest for the County Convention was mainly on District Attorney, although there was quite a contest in some districts on County Commissioner. The candidates are all more or less sanguine of the result, which will be arrived at in Convention to-morrow.

The New York *Times* makes the following admission:

Mr. Wade's evidence renders it probable that money was raised and put into the hands of one or more Senators to influence their votes. But there is no one as yet to swear to the fact that the money came into the hands of any Senator. It is still, therefore, a matter of guess.

Results answer that question pretty satisfactorily. Senators Fowler and Ross voted and acted like bribed men. The circumstances are such as can be explained in no other way. Having admitted so much, the *Times*, knowing as it does the way in which these two Senators changed, cannot entertain a particle of doubt why they changed. Even without Mr. Wade's testimony, the suspicion would inevitably be against them. What would the *Times* say if it were proved that a pistol were loaded, a threat made, an explosive heard, a dead man found with a bullet hole in his head? What, we ask, would be the reasonable inference? And still, this would not be a case of stronger probabilities than the cases of Senators Fowler and Ross.

General Grant told the committee on the part of the Soldiers and Sailors' Convention that if he did not feel that he had the support of those who were with him in the war, he would hesitate to accept the nomination. It is an important and significant fact that, as a general thing, General Grant has the support of those who fought the rebellion down. There is deep meaning in this,—a fact that links our candidate with the sacred cause which was raised at so terrible a sacrifice. We have a right to expect that those who stood by our gallant soldiers on the bloody field, will not desert them now. That the soldiers, almost in a body, will rally to the Grant standard, we feel entirely confident. Already they are organizing, and the prospect is they will be the most conspicuous in carrying on the Presidential campaign. One of the most gallant of the Boys in Blue, Major General Palmer, of Illinois, in a speech a few evenings since, said: "General Grant, who led so gloriously led the armies of the Republic to victory and imperishable honor, is again at the head of his forces, and would plant the banner of truth, liberty and justice, and political equality on every battlement and fortress North and South."

We ordered various tons of the people, determined to have them, and the Democratic Congress, in opposition with the Constitution of the United States, refused to appropriate them. We ordered them, and the Democratic Senate conspired to embarrass the supply service.

Such were the sentiments of the Pittsburgh *Post* only a few months ago—if honestly expressed no doubt they are its sentiments now. They were the utterances not of the politician speaking under party discipline, but of the impartial recorder of the popular sentiment and his own conviction. If the politician, under the pressure of party necessity, has changed and been compelled to speak in another tone, the people have not. They still think as he wrote, and from present appearances they will vote as they think. They believe now as they have ever believed since Gen. Grant's name came before the people for the Presidency, that his election would be "*the best thing for our country that could possibly occur.*" It is precisely in this spirit that the canvass is taking shape. The capitalist, business man, mechanic, laborer, all who realize the importance of a stable and honest administration, are turning to him as the chief as they did in the military service. Nor will they be disappointed. In responding to Gen. Hawley's notification speech, General Grant said: "You may be sure that I shall have no policy of my own to enforce against the will of the people." Probably there is not a man in the land, of any party, who doubts Grant's sincerity. When he says a thing everybody feels that he has something to rely on. And he has in his abundant proof not only of his sincerity, but of his ability to accomplish results. A President ambitious only to execute the will of the people, with no selfish purpose of his own, clear headed, strong and honest willed,—it will be a great day for the country when such a man occupies the White House. It is the belief that Gen. Grant will fill this measure of desire that has caused his nomination to be hailed with such unbounded favor.

Says the Philadelphia *Age*: The friends of the ex-*President* will learn with great pleasure that while he still continues very feeble, there is a decided amendment in the condition of his health, which is no longer critical or alarming. Mr. Buchanan has not yet reached the half-hundred years which we hope he will attain. In this community, we have many citizens much his senior who are in enjoyment of health and activity. He has our best wishes for his speedy and complete recovery.

POLITICAL.

It is announced in a Chicago paper that Senator Trumbull will go upon the stump for Grant and Colfax. Mr. Fessenden has signified his approval of the Chicago ticket and platform, and declared his intention to give them his support. But there are those who would, if they could, prevent these Senators from giving their support to the cause which, good as it is, needs the support of as many as can be induced to give it. We do not think it is wise to repel the support of any one. Although Wendell had unfortunate to organize a scheme for preventing the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, his support of the ticket was not repelled. Whatever we may think of the course of these Senators, we do not see how their support of Grant and Colfax can be prevented, even if it is desirable to undertake it. Journals and men who propose to fight the battle on such narrow ground confer the same doubtful service. In New England, we perceive, there is no such feeling manifested among Republicans. While we cannot approve of the action of those Senators, we are not why they should be deprived of the privilege of co-operating in electing Grant and Colfax—particularly when those candidates have no strength to deliver, only throw away. Gratitude might not move them in the least, but how much wiser are they than Wendell Phillips, who openly opposes Grant and Colfax?

Hamilton Smith, Esq., of Canonsburg, has a college classmate of Chief Justice Chase, and a life long personal friend, but a most pronounced Democrat, has recently published a letter in which he accords to that distinguished gentleman the highest qualities of head and heart, declaring that his selection as a candidate would not be incompatible to, and might at this crisis of our nation, draw to us and to the side of law and order, and peace, enough of the old Republicans to insure to, if not a party victory, at least, and what is of greater importance, the healing of party and sectional feuds, and the return of our former prosperity.

The Chicago *Tribune* says that its plain fact is that it is the States which have instructed for Mr. Pendleton that will determine the contest, and it is solely because the Democracy of those states feel that Mr. Pendleton is stronger in them than anybody else that his nomination offers the best chance of carrying them, and the only chance of carrying some of them, that they have instructed for him. And the Democracy we may think of the course of those

The Daily Commercial

FROM CHICAGO.

The M. E. General Conference—The Subject of Lay Delegation.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

Chicago, May 29th, 1868.

This city is certainly subject to a very peculiar atmospheric arrangement. It never "continueth in one way." Yesterday it was warm enough to start serious reflections as to the propriety of linen coats and other light summer clothing; to-day overcoats are in good repute, and fires are burning brightly in thousands of the homes of this wonderful city.

Since the departure of the delegates to the great National Republican Convention, which did its important work so expeditiously, and with a wisdom and unanimity so unexampled, giving a satisfaction so general to the people, the chief object of attraction, except such as are common to the city, continues to be the General Conference of the M. E. Church. The telegraph has no doubt given you the most complete account of the proceedings, and it may not be proper to go into any details.

The committees are rapidly perfecting their work, and are now for the most part ready to report. Some of them have been already adopted, and the Daily Journal publishes the same others which are waiting to be taken up. Unanimity scarcely anything is brought up which does not elicit debate; and it happens at times that the order of the day is reached for which something is to be introduced, upon the representation that it can be disposed of in a few minutes, when it is discovered by somebody that there is need of argument, discussion, and straightforward comes the "war of words," and the usual ready champions spring forth in the forensic melee.

Since yesterday forenoon the topic has been the important one of "Lay Delegation." As we foreshadowed in our former letter, the committee on that subject have reported in favor of making such change in the discipline as will permit the annual Conferences to elect a definite body any number of laymen, not to exceed thirty, of the age of twenty-five years or upward, to attend each session of the Church as peers, and granting to such annual Conference the right, if they shall so elect, to send one delegate to the General Conference. During the discussion, a substitute was presented, by which it was proposed to submit the question to a vote of the annual conferences, and of the people, the vote of the people to be taken May 1869, next. The latter proposition was promptly voted down and, as yet, the most marked speech against it has been made by S. M. Merrill, of this Conference, who claims that it would require a radical change in the constitution, and cannot, therefore, be enacted into a law by the General Conference. The most striking speech on the other side was made by Gilbert Haven, of New England, a fanatic of the "straitest sect." It was written and read, a most elaborate and finished performance, but, in the opinion of the many, without the strength and power which a really logical production would have. The most effective speech was made by the venerable Peter Cartwright, of Illinois, who is perhaps the oldest effective preacher in the church—having been an effective preacher for sixty-five years. He has also held the office of presiding elder for forty-nine years, a period longer than that of any other man, and longer than the period, I believe, he will ever again be held by any other person. His speech was in opposition to the measure proposed. The old man made some palpable hits, and the effect of his address was no doubt good. The likelihood is that the matter will be submitted to the vote of Conference and people, but the vote will be a very close one.

The election of efficient laborers to succeed morning. So far the coming bishops are supposed to be: For Corresponding Secretary of the Missionary Society—W. L. Harris, J. W. Thrane and D. D. Mitchell. For Book Agent (succeeding T. Carlton, at Cincinnati), L. Richard and J. M. Walden, for Pittsburgh Advocate, S. H. Nesbit. Others have not yet been called upon fully.

The session of Thursday afternoon was occupied with the "same subject continued." Lay Delegation was the chief performance being the speech by one of the ablest men in the church, Dr. John McClintock, President of Drew Theological Seminary. In its lucid and luminous style of speaking, making the Conference see more clearly the real merits of the question, and refusing to extend the time for him, and then immediately granting the "largest liberty" to his successor on the other side, the talented Professor showed himself a master of parliamentary usage, but in the opinion of many the Doctor's speech did neither himself nor the subject the justice of which he is capable. From general appearances the measure is not to be carried to-morrow, and will likely result in a compromise measure by which it will be submitted to the church. It is barely possible that the decision will take place to-morrow afternoon, but I should say, from present appearances, that the conference will not adjourn before the middle of next week. The Brethren are, however, getting restive and many among Congressmen are getting from homeward, either or no conviction.

FROM MEADVILLE, PA.

Republican Congressional Nominations—Self-esteem for Senate and Coffee—Allegheny College Masonic Banquet, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

Meadville, May 30, 1868.

The Congressional contest of this district will be a warm one. The various counties have their candidates, and are as follows: Crawford, S. N. Davis; Venango, Gillilan; Mercer, Wm. T. Hoskins; Forest and Warren, Capt. Tarr and R. Frothem. The question comes up then who will be successful. The claims of all are strongly pressed, and their several abilities and availableness duly acknowledged. Whilst there is no organized opposition to Judge Pettis in this county, yet the feeling of many of the people is such that they are willing to concede the nomination to one of the other counties. Without manifesting any feeling whatever in this contest, I am led to believe, after a full understanding of the contest, that Venango county will be successful in her claims.

The feeling for Grant and Colfax is one of general enthusiasm, and prevails to make of the Democracy to a considerable extent. Many Democrats with whom I have conversed avow they are stanch friends to the principles and history of purpose, and as such they feel like handing hands with me in cheering for Grant and Colfax as the people's ticket.

Allegheny College is one of the institutions of this place. At the present term there are one hundred and thirty students. The college is well provided with astronomical instruments, philosophical and chemical apparatus, and large collections of shells, minerals, fossils, &c., invaluable for their beauty and variety, collected in Panama, Vancouver's Island, West Indies and the United States, among the latter from the Rhone of the College. A museum of art history contains sixty casts of sculpture and about one hundred engravings. The Royal Museum of Berlin has presented the College with casts of the statue of Diana Colonna, and busts of Alexander the Great, Julius Cæsar, &c. The College recently had a streak of good luck, being donated by the late Judge Sherman, of Randolph, N. Y., between $200,000 and $300,000.

A complimentary dinner was given by the Northwestern Commandery, No. 35, last evening to the "Meliora Rouse," on visiting Sir Knights attending the laying of the cornerstone of the new Court House. S. B. Dick, Esq., the Commander of the Commandery, presided at the banquet. Speeches were made by Sir Rt. G. C. of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania, J. D. Hutchinson, of Philadelphia, Eli Mansell, G. M. of Pennsylvania, John Dick, G. C. of Union Commandery, Forest County, Dep. G. M. of Meadville, and J. W. Dick, W. M. of No. 316. The banquet passed off highly satisfactorily, and left a good impression upon the Sir Knights of the genuine hospitality of Meadville.

The *Daily Republican*, published by White & Tyler, is a live newspaper, and doing a noble work in the great cause of truth and freedom. Much of the success of the Republican party in this county is directly the result of their untiring labor.

The anti-Masonic cry in 1828, brought about a convention of those opposed to secret societies, in Philadelphia in 1830. Eleven States were represented in the convention, which adjourned to meet in Baltimore September 26, 1831, for the purpose of placing a Presidential ticket in the field. William Wirt and Amos Ellmaker were the candidates. This ticket secured the electoral vote of Vermont and the troughs of its seal and labor, in Pennsylvania about fifty newspapers advocated this movement, and among others the North Star, whose chimneys, after a similar period of thirty years, or a suspension of mind, has recommenced the republication of its worn out sentiments in behalf of secret societies, political associations, and finished this community with its circular. Disappointment weighs heavily upon some poor fellows, but they are consoled themselves with the idea which the Indian advanced, that "your grouch" deserved "your pay."

The Park Association have just completed arrangements for races this summer. Stalls have been expended in fitting up the race course.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ IF YOU FEEL SICK AND DO NOT know what to take, try Moffat's Life Pills. They never do good, and will never squander dollars in vain. Price 25 cents per box.

W. J. WRIGHT & BRO.,

DRUG AND NEWS DEALERS,

MORNING HOUSE, BROOKVILLE, Pa.,

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW GLASS,

A large and varied stock always on hand.

Newspapers, Periodicals and Books, both Foreign and Domestic, supplied to order at the lowest rates.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.

AUCTION SALES.

A. LINGATE, 100 Federal street, Allegheny.

FINE RESIDENCE

On Lincoln Avenue, Allegheny City,

AT AUCTION.

Will be sold on the premises, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, June 1st, at 5 o'clock, the property, No. 62 on the plan of Lincoln Avenue, Bridge's Division. The lot is 60 feet front by 150 feet deep to a 20 feet alley. The house is brick, three stories high, with basement, and contains 10 rooms, besides bath room, closets, &c. It is in the most convenient manner and most substantial order throughout. The lot is enclosed in the most substantial manner and well set in fruit trees and shrubbery. This property is worthy the special attention of all in search of first class property in the most desirable part of Allegheny city. An inspection of the premises is invited before the sale, which will be positive. Terms, one-half cash, balance in one year.

A. LINGATE, Auctioneer,

100 Federal street, Allegheny City.

VALUABLE

BUSINESS PROPERTY

On the Allegheny Diamond,

AT AUCTION.

Positive Sale.

Will be sold on the premises, on TUESDAY, June 2d, at 5 o'clock, the valuable property on the corner of the Allegheny Diamond, fronting 24 feet on the Diamond and 100 feet on Federal street, with three stories of brick. In case of the failure to sell the property on the above day, it will be offered at private sale on reasonable terms. The property is well situated for business purposes, and should be secured by those wishing a good business stand.

A. LINGATE, Auctioneer,

100 Federal street, Allegheny.

STOCK SALES.

STOCKS AND BONDS.—TUESDAY MORNING, June 2d, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 110 Fourth street, by order of

The Bank of Pittsburgh.
The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad Company.
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

FIRE.—Some Dust, of Allegheny, in an unoccupied house in the lower end of Pike street.

GOING ASHORE.—The steamer going for the Eliza Smith Line Company, of Allegheny, arrived on Friday and has been put up in the engine house.

OUT OF SERVICE.—The loose carriage of the Second Ward Fire Company, of Allegheny, is out of service for repairs.

ALLEGHENY FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Association will be held this evening at the Second Ward Engine House, on Federal street, Allegheny.

ROBBERIES CONFIRMED.—The Councils of the borough of Birmingham held a regular monthly meeting on Tuesday evening, at the office of Burgess Sellers, Esq., all members present.

THE MONONGAHELA GRAND LODGE.—The third meeting of the 1st quarterly session of the Methodist grand body will be held in the Seventh Ward School House on to-morrow evening.

THE NICHOLAS PATENT.—The laying of the Nicholas pavement was commenced in good earnest on Saturday, and already a number of blocks have been laid.

TECHNICAL BURGLARS.—Some boys made an attempt on Friday night to enter the office of the Duquesne Coal Company, on Anderson street, Allegheny, but were disconcerted by the watchman and ran away.

THE CRIMINAL COURT—FOUR TRIES.—The June term of the Criminal Court commences this morning. Magistrates who have not done so, should send their returns in at once, as the Grand Jury will be sworn, sworn and sentenced some time next week.

BANKRUPTCY BUSINESS.—Sixty-four petitions for adjudication in bankruptcy, were filed in the United States District Court on Saturday. Petitions were presented to Judge Grier at his house, and the whole number of petitions filed since the act went into operation, is nine hundred and sixty-four.

THE HOUSING OF THE COURT HOUSE.—The janitor of the Court House was engaged, on Saturday last, in sprinkling the corridor of the Court House, which has been in a dirty condition for some time past. After the sprinkling had been completed, the corridor looked as clean as a new floor, and the stains have since disappeared.

THE NEW SOUTH MARKET HOUSE.—The general interior work of the new hall seems will take place this afternoon at one o'clock, before the contractor, Mr. Addison Coit of Philadelphia, and the Chairman of the Committee on Markets of the Select Common Council, Mr. Stirling Park, Allegheny. The Park has been selected by reason of its central location, and the Committee feel sure that the citizens generally will be pleased with the selection. The Addison system of market houses is one of the most complete in the country, and the Committee have no doubt that the citizens generally will be pleased with the new market house, and that it will be liberally patronized.

THE GRAND JURY.—The Grand Jury empanelled by the Clerk took the usual preliminary steps of organization on Saturday morning, and then proceeded to the Criminal Court room, where they were sworn and charged by Judge Grier. The charge was brief, and was confined to the duties of the Grand Jury in relation to the business of the Court. The Grand Jury then retired to their room, and proceeded to the examination of the bills of indictment which had been prepared by the District Attorney, and which were ready for their action.

JUDGE GRIER.—The Judge of the United States District Court, Hon. Robert C. Grier, arrived in the city on Saturday morning, and was met at the depot by Messrs. Bakewell, Negley, etc., and brought to the residence of Mr. Negley, on Penn street, where he will remain during his stay in the city. Judge Grier is looking very well, and appears to be in the enjoyment of excellent health.

JUDGE OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.—Judge Ewing, of Indiana, has been appointed Judge of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, in the place of Judge Wilkins, resigned. Judge Ewing is a resident of Indiana county, and is a gentleman of high character and ability. He will be a valuable acquisition to the Orphans' Court bench.

SAFE BURNT.—Joseph W. Jones of Canal, James R. Dick Harbison with a branch of the grocery, Jones and Harbison were in Butler's custody, on Water street, and the latter's store on Canal, when the fire broke out. Jones was released on bail and Harbison was held to bail.

HELD TO BAIL.—Silas Davis, arrested upon a charge of grand larceny by Wm. W. Dixon, had a hearing, and was held to bail for his appearance at court in the sum of $500. Several witnesses from the countries of Wilkins, Lawrence and Beaver, in the West figured in the case, and were held to bail as stated.

INTERESTING WITH OFFICERS.—Joseph Thompson, a painter, was before alderman Kerr on a charge of assault and battery, entered against William Brannon. A warrant for the arrest of the accused was issued, and Officer Barnes charged with the execution of the warrant, found Brannon in a grocery store, and proceeded to arrest him. The accused struck Barnes in the eye with his fist, and a general fight ensued, in which the officer was worsted. Brannon was then arrested, charging him with resisting a police officer. Defendant was held.

THEFT.—John McCarron, charged Michael Walters with larceny of the pocket-book, containing a small amount of money. Prosecutor charged Michael Schenker with the same offense. Warrants were issued in both cases.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Henry Dickson charged Daniel Clegg with assault and battery. The accused was arrested, but waived a hearing before Alderman Kerr, and entered bail in the sum of $300, for his appearance at court.

ALDERMAN KERR BUSY.—Simon Goldsmith, a peddler, selling without the license of a vest belonging to him. The prosecutor is employed at Wiley's jewelry establishment on Fifth avenue, and it appears that Goldsmith went into a back room where no one was present, and stole the vest. After he had gone some one missed the vest, and upon search it was found in the room where Goldsmith had been. He was arrested for the theft, and before Alderman Kerr, on Saturday morning, he was committed for trial in default of bail.

LARCENY OF A STOVE.—Catharine Quigley made oath charging J. S. Patterson with larceny. The prosecutrix lives on Liberty street, and on Friday last, while she was absent from home, Patterson entered the house and carried away a stove, which he disposed of to a party in Pittsburgh. The defendant was arrested, and before Alderman Kerr, on Saturday morning, he was committed for trial in default of bail.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Mrs. Jackson was charged with some of the people about Cuthbertson, who entered the house and committed an assault and battery upon her. The parties in question were arrested, and before Alderman Kerr, on Saturday morning, they were fined $10 each and costs.

Before Alderman Donaldson.

CHARGE OF LARCENY.—Mary Hamel made information before Alderman Donaldson, charging Mrs. Mary Hamel with larceny of a quantity of clothing, etc. The prosecutrix resides on Penn street, and the defendant is a boarder in the house. The latter left the house on Friday last, and when she was missed it was found that a quantity of clothing, etc., had been taken away. Defendant was arrested, and before Alderman Donaldson, on Saturday morning, she was committed for trial in default of bail.

Before Alderman Kerr, of Birmingham.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Mary Hamel made information before this magistrate, on Saturday, charging Thomas Lewis, a coal digger, with assault and battery. The parties reside in Birmingham, and the assault complained of was committed in the month of January last. Since that time Lewis has gone to Europe, and the prosecutrix, on account of poverty, was unable to come to the city to prosecute the case. Lewis has returned to this country, and the prosecutrix having come to the city, entered complaint before the magistrate mentioned, and Lewis was arrested. He entered bail in the sum of $300 for his appearance at court, and in default he was committed to jail.

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COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Supreme Amount of Bankruptcy Business—Petitions Filed Under New Orders on Saturday, Big Fire Flood from Creek Church Difficulty Again—Trial Lists, &c.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the bankruptcy branch of the United States District Court, on Saturday, the following petitions for adjudication in bankruptcy were filed:

Joseph Bailey, Moore, Allegheny City; Stuckey, Mitchell, Allegheny; Henry Bell, Ross; Andrew and William Wightman, Lawrenceville; John Mayfield, Allegheny; Peter Hoffman, Pittsburgh; Henry Clark, Crawford county; Austin Fessenden, Lake, Erie county; Thomas Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Christopher Miller, Pittsburgh; Samuel Phillips, Pittsburgh; Thomas Cooper, Sharpsburg; Ephraim Sagle, Crawford county; Samuel Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Jacob Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Wm. F. Seal, Venango county; Walter Cochran, Pittsburgh; Patrick Ford, Wood, Crawford county; Henry A. Rogers, Crawford county; W. Fisher, Luzerne county; Robert H. McClung, Allegheny county; James E. Thompson, Lycoming county; Joseph Boyer, Luzerne county; James Hamilton, Wood, Crawford county; Thomas Cummings, Tioga county; Conrad Bailey, Tioga county; Elias Johnston, Potter county; Andrew S. Sykes, Bradford county; Joseph Hamilton, Crawford county; James Barnes, Allegheny; Chas. D. Whitney, Pittsburgh; Samuel Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Patrick Ford, Wood, Crawford county; Henry A. Rogers, Crawford county; Robert Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Joseph Boyer, Luzerne county; Thomas Hamilton, Pittsburgh; Samuel Hamilton, Pittsburgh